KS3 Overview (Year 7 + 8) Subject: Social Sciences



Key content

The six subject areas and their content for KS3 social sciences are outlined below:

Year 7:

Philosophy - What is Moral Philosophy and how can it be applied to moral dilemmas?

Psychology – What can we learn about the human mind from heroes, viglianties and villains?

Citizenship - How did one Black Life come to Matter?

Year 8:

Politics - Why is politics so important in the 21st Century?

Economics - How far has the economy changed through time?

Sociology – Why are humans different to animals?

National Curriculum focus

Citizenship: social sciences curriculum covers almost the entire KS3 curriculum

Geography: social sciences curriculum covers some of KS3 human geography curriculum

History: much of the social sciences content is in the context of our history and is taught through an enquiry method.

Religious Studies: social science links to wider questions on existence, morality and stewardship which are present in our KS3 R.S curriculum

Key assessment points

Students will be assessed every half term by a range of A01 and A02 based questions on the content they cover in each subject area. Alongside this, there will be more frequent low stakes multiple choice/quiz style testing.

Christian ethos

Our social sciences curriculum aims to meet two clear visions from The Church of England:

- 'Educating for community and living well together: a core focus on relationships, participation in communities and the qualities of character that enable people to flourish together.'
- 'Educating for dignity and respect: the basic principle of respect for the value and preciousness of each person, treating each person as a unique individual of inherent worth'

British values

- 'A key part of our plan for education is to ensure children become valuable and fully rounded members of society who treat others with respect and tolerance, regardless of background.' (Lord Nash)
- 'Include in suitable parts of the curriculum as appropriate for the age of pupils material on the strengths, advantages and disadvantages of democracy, and how democracy and the law works in Britain, in contrast to other forms of government in other countries'

Subject: Social Sciences Long-term plan: Year 7



Week	Month	Learning Intentions and/or Key Questions
Aut1-1	September	
Aut1-2	Î	Philosophy - What is Moral Philosophy and how can it be applied to moral
Aut1-3		dilemmas?
Aut1-4		
Aut1-5	October	What is Philosophy?
Aut1-6	_	What is moral philosophy and applied ethics?
Aut1-7	_	What is Utilitarianism?
Auti-/		What are the strengthens and weaknesses of Utilitarianism? What is Virtue Ethics?
		What are the strengthens and weaknesses of Virtue Ethics?
		Mid-point assessment
		Half term holiday
Aut2-1	November	
Aut2-2		Philosophy - What is Moral Philosophy and how can it be applied to moral
Aut2-3		dilemmas?
Aut2-4	_	
Aut2-5		Mid-point Feedback
Aut2-5	December	How does religion help and influence our moral decision-making process? -
Aut2-6 Aut2-7	December	Golden Rule
Autz-7		What is stewardship and how can religion save the planet?
		Can the dropping of bombs be justified?
		How can we solve injustices in the world?
		Assessment preparation
		Assessment
		Feedback
		Christmas holiday
Cnr1 1	Ionuomi	
Spr1-1	January	David along What can we loom about the human mind from houses
Spr1-2		Psychology – What can we learn about the human mind from heroes,
Spr1-3		viglianties and villains?
Spr1-4		What is psychology?
Spr1-5	_	What is psychology? Why is psychology important?
Spr1-6	February	What do we know about our brains?
		What is nature vs nurture?
		Case study: What can we learn from Oskana? (Raised by dogs)
		Mid-point (Kaised by dogs)
		1411G-point
	1	Half term holiday
Spr2-1		Tran ici ili ilonuay
	-	Develology What can we learn shout the human mind from houses
Spr2-2	Manal	Psychology – What can we learn about the human mind from heroes, viglianties and villains?
Spr2-3	March	vignanues and vinanis:
Spr2-4		Mid-point Feedback
Spr2-5	1	Can we all be heroes?
Spr2-6		What is crime and deviance?
5p12-0		What is orima and dayiango'

		Why is there crime and does society create criminals? Case study: What can we learn from The Batman? Case study: What can we learn from The Joker? Does the media distort crime? How do we research crime? (Research Methods) Assessment Feedback
	April	Easter holiday
Sum1-1 Sum1-2 Sum1-3 Sum1-4 Sum1-5 Sum1-6	May	Citizenship - How did one Black Life come to Matter? What were the race riots of 1919? Did the lives of black people really change during the Second World? How far did the lives of the Windrush Generation really matter in Post -Second World War Britain? Why was Notting Hill such a significant turning point in the struggle against in Justice? Why was Claudia Jones such a remarkable a significant figure for Civil Rights in Britain? Mid-point assessment
Sum2-1 Sum2-2 Sum2-3 Sum2-4 Sum2-5 Sum2-6 Sum2-7	July	Half term holiday Citizenship - How did one Black Life come to Matter? Mid-point Feedback How far was the case of the Mangrove 9 a story of injustice? What do the Lewisham Riots reveal to us about racial tension in the 1970s? What did the Brixton Riots reveal to us about racial tensions in the 1970s? Why was the death of Steve Lawrence such an important turning point in the development of Afro-British Rights in 20th Century Britain? Overview of the period: What was the most important turning point? Revision/ Assessment Assessment Feedback

Subject: Social Sciences Long-term plan: Year 8

Week	Month	Learning Intentions and/or Key Questions
Aut1-1	September	
Aut1-2		Politics - Why is politics so important in the 21 st Century?
Aut1-3		
Aut1-4		Why is politics so important in the 21 st Century?
Aut1-5	October	What are the eight elements of democracy?
Aut1-6		How does the UK electoral System work? Is it truly democratic?
Aut1-7		What is a referendum? Should we have another BREXIT vote? Influencing Change – the right to protest.
		What is a Pressure Group? What is the difference between an insider and
		outsider?
		Midpoint
		•
		Half term holiday
Aut2-1	November	
Aut2-2	_	Politics - Why is politics so important in the 21 st Century?
Aut2-3	_	Mid point Foodback
Aut2-4	_	Mid-point Feedback What is the difference between a dictatorship and democracy?
Aut2-5	D 1	What is life like living under a dictatorship?
Aut2-6	December	Is America really that democratic?
Aut2-7		Do we really live a democratic society?
		Assessment
		Feedback
	_	
		Christmas holiday
Spr1-1	January	
Spr1-1		Economics - How far has the economy changed through time?
Spr1-2	_	Decironnes from fair has the economy changed through time.
Spr1-4		What is Capitalism and how does it work.?
Spr1-5	_	How far did supply and demand end Feudalism?
Spr1-6	February	How did Mercantilism change the wold?
Spir o		What was the impact of Industrialisation on economies?
		Who created modern capitalism?
		Midpoint
	1	Half term holiday
Spr2-1	1	Addit to in noncuj
Spr2-2	1	Economics - How far has the economy changed through time?
Spr2-3	March	1
Spr2-4		
~ ~ ~ .		Mid-point Feedback
		What are the alternatives to capitalism?
Spr2-5 Spr2-6		What are the alternatives to capitalism? What is Marxism?
Spr2-5		What are the alternatives to capitalism? What is Marxism? What was the Great Leap Forward?
Spr2-5		What are the alternatives to capitalism? What is Marxism? What was the Great Leap Forward? What were the consequences of the GLF?
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Spr2-5	April	What are the alternatives to capitalism? What is Marxism? What was the Great Leap Forward? What were the consequences of the GLF? Were the changes of the cultural revolution a shift to Capitalism? Does China's economic success prove the power of Capitalism? Assessment
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Sum1-2 Sum1-3 Sum1-4 Sum1-5 Sum1-6	May	Sociology – Why are humans different to animals? To what extent are humans separate from animals? Has domestication been beneficial to animals? How has the position of animals changed through time? How far are animals family members? (pets) How far is our understanding of food socially constructed? (farm) How do we view animals in labs? (tools) Mid-point
Sum2-1 Sum2-2 Sum2-3 Sum2-4 Sum2-5 Sum2-6 Sum2-7	July	Sociology – Why are humans different to animals? Mid-point Feedback Why do we use animals as entertainment? How were animals use in the early modern period? Why has there been a decline of animals as entertainment? (exploring the evolution of societies towards civilisation and in turn our changing relationship towards animals) To what extent do zoos reflect society? Can animals be sentient beings? (case study on Blackfish - Seaworld - killers whales). Assessment Feedback